BBH Limited Duration Fund



Quarterly Fund Update / 2Q 2024

20 Highlights

- The Fund outperformed the Index during the quarter as sector and rating emphases contributed to relative results.
- Credit spreads narrowed across sectors and qualities despite the rigorous pace of issuance during the quarter, but opportunities in select subsectors of the market remain.
- We identified new opportunities within select sectors and industries for the Fund despite waning opportunities in the credit markets

Performance as of June 30, 2024

	Total R	eturns	Average Annual Total Returns				
Fund/Benchmark	3 Mo	YTD	1 Yr.	3 Yr.	5 Yr.	10 Yr.	Since Inception
BBH Limited Duration Fund Class I	1.46%	3.19%	7.85%	3.31%	3.10%	2.57%	3.78%
BBH Limited Duration Fund Class N	1.34%	3.15%	7.66%	3.20%	3.00%	2.45%	3.64%
Bloomberg US 1-3 Year Treasury Bond Index Reference Benchmark	0.91% 1.21%	1.19% 2.29%	4.51% 5.69%	0.33% 2.19%	1.02% 2.11%	1.12% 1.96%	2.41% 2.44%

Class I Inception: 12/03/2002 Class N Inception: 12/22/2000

Class I: Net/Gross Expense Ratio (%) 0.28 / 0.28 Class N: Net/Gross Expense Ratio (%) 0.35 / 0.49

Returns of less than one year are not annualized

The Investment Adviser has contractually agreed to limit the Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses to 0.35% for Class N shares through March 1, 2025. The Expense Limitation Agreement may only be terminated during its term with approval of the Fund's Board of Trustees (the "Board").

The Reference Benchmark is an unmanaged weighted index comprised as follows: 40% Bloomberg Short-Term Corporate Index; 40% Bloomberg US Aggregate ABS Index; and 20% Bloomberg US Treasury Bills Index. The inception date of the reference benchmark is 12/31/04. The indexes are not available for direct investment.

Performance data quoted represents past performance. Past performance does not guarantee future results and current performance may be lower or higher than the past performance data quoted. The investment return and principal value will fluctuate, and shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than the original cost. For performance current to the most recent month-end please call 1-800-625-5759.

Market Environment

Treasury rates continued to respond to investors' predictions for forward-looking Federal Reserve (Fed) interest rate decisions. Strong economic data and still-high inflation data caused investors to continue to shift towards a "higher for longer" disposition for the remainder of 2024. Investors still believe the Fed will cut rates by 50 basis points¹ during 2024, but the anticipated amount of rate cuts was 150 basis points at the start of the year. Longer-term interest rates increased across the yield curve to reflect those changes in expectations. Shorter duration fixed income indexes generated positive returns during the second quarter while longer duration indexes experienced negative total returns. Excess returns to credit were generally positive with two notable exceptions: agency mortgage-backed securities (MBS) and long duration corporate bonds.

Credit conditions remain accommodative. High yield default rates remain subdued and continue to be concentrated among CCC-rated issuers, although default rates for all rating categories are below their respective long-term averages. Economic data remained strong, with inflationary pressures persisting and few signs of recession on the horizon. Headline consumer inflation prints have been declining, but wage growth and job openings remains higher than historic averages and could still exert upward pressure on inflation. The Chicago Fed National

Exhibit I: Fixed Income Indexes Returns

	Duration	Total Re	eturn (%)	Excess Return (%)		
Index	(Years)	QTD	YTD	QTD	YTD	
Morningstar LSTA Leveraged Loan Index ¹	0.3	1.90	4.40	0.57	1.75	
Palmer Square CLO Debt Index ¹	0.3	3.41	7.83	2.08	5.18	
Bloomberg 2 Year U.S. Treasury Bellwether Inc	dex 1.8	0.86	1.10	_	_	
Bloomberg ABS ex Stranded Cost Utilities Ind	ex 1.9	1.12	1.87	0.17	0.55	
Bloomberg U.S. Corporate High Yield Index	3.1	1.09	2.58	0.36	1.96	
Bloomberg Non-Agency CMBS Index	3.7	0.87	3.11	0.33	3.00	
ICE BofA AA-BBB US Misc. ABS Index	3.9	1.48	3.67	0.90	3.44	
Bloomberg Intermediate Corporate Index	4.1	0.74	1.00	0.23	0.93	
Bloomberg U.S. TIPS Index	4.9	0.79	0.70	_	_	
Bloomberg U.S. Treasury Index	5.9	0.09	-0.86	_	-	
Bloomberg EM USD Aggregate Index	6.0	0.68	2.22	0.54	3.08	
Bloomberg MBS Index	6.1	0.07	-0.98	-0.09	-0.23	
Bloomberg Aggregate Index	6.1	0.07	-0.71	-0.03	0.20	
Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Index	6.9	-0.09	-0.49	-0.04	0.85	
Bloomberg 10 Year U.S. Treasury Bellwether Inc	lex 7.9	-0.36	-2.03	-	-	
Bloomberg Taxable Municipal Index	9.3	-0.77	-1.21	-0.23	1.30	
Bloomberg Long Corporate Index	12.7	-1.74	-3.39	-0.57	0.68	

Source: Bloomberg, Morningstar LSTA, Palmer Square, ICE, Bank of America, BBH Data reported as of June 30, 2024

Unless otherwise noted Excess Returns are the returns in excess of duration matched Treasuries

¹Excess return computed by BBH as total return less the return of the Bloomberg 3 Month T-Bill Bellwether Index, a proxy for the duration profile of floating-rate leveraged loans and CLO debt.

¹ Basis points (bps) is a unit that is equal to 1/100th of 1% and is used to denote the change in a financial instrument.

BBH Limited Duration Fund / 2Q 2024

Activity Index remains above its recession indicator. The U.S. consumer appears to be strong, with loan delinquency rates generally rising off very low bases and not indicating widespread issues. Auto loan delinquency rates rose to their highest levels since 2009 but are within expected ranges for Asset-Backed Securities (ABS) to withstand losses without risk of impairment to bondholders. Business loan performance appears healthy, as delinquency rates are low and default rates are declining. Office delinquency rates remain elevated, while non-office commercial mortgage delinquency rates rose moderately. Return to office dynamics remain weak and continue to pressure office real estate values. The weakening office market has not had an outsized impact on banks' commercial real estate loan portfolios to date, as delinquency rates and charge-offs have been muted.

Valuations

We are finding fewer opportunities in traditional segments of the credit markets as risk spreads remain narrow and net issuance is low. According to our Valuation Framework, the percentage of investment-grade corporate bonds that screened as a "buy" remained near to 13%, and the percentage of high yield corporate bonds that screened as a "buy" in our Valuation Framework increased to 20% from 16% at the start of the quarter. No cohort of 30- or 15-year agency MBS met our Valuation Framework for purchases at quarter-end.

Exhibit II: Outlook by Sector

Sector	Outlook	Positioning			
Reserves					
U.S. Treasuries/Futures/Reserves	Hold when attractive credits unavailable	Held to balance yield curve and duration exposures			
Government-Related	Unattractive valuations; better opportunities elsewhere	No positions in portfolios			
Municipal	Valuations of select municipals are attractive for inclusion in taxable portfolios	Holdings include transportation revenue bonds			
Structured Credit					
U.S. MBS	No buy opportunities in 15- and 30-year fixed-rate segments of agency MBS markets	No positions in portfolios			
RMBS	Continued credit and valuation concerns	No positions in portfolios			
CMBS	Opportunities arising among property types with differing credit dynamics	Hold positions in SASB CMBS deals where we have transparency into collateral dynamics			
ABS	Opportunities remain in select sectors despite the recent narrowing of risk spreads	Hold positions across diversified set of nontraditional segments			
Corporate Credit					
IG Corporate Bonds	Index credit spreads remain at low levels, attractively valued opportunities in benchmarks are scarce	Holdings remain in some interest rate sensitive sectors and among certain security selection opportunities			
Corporate Loans	Spreads declined but valuations are still attractive while default rates remain in-check	Holdings are diversified and include credits issued by healthcare companies and airlines			
HY Corporate Bonds	Index spreads widened with low default rates and low net issuance, slightly increasing available opportunities	Opportunities tend to reside in industries with challenged business models that require strong credit work			
Other Credit					
Emerging Markets	Concerns remain about creditor rights in most emerging market countries	No positions in portfolios			

As of June 30, 2024. Portfolio holdings and characteristics are subject to change.

MBS = Mortgage-Backed Securities; RMBS = Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities; CMBS = Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities; ABS = Asset-Backed Securities; IG = Investment Grade; HY = High Yield; SASB = Sing Asset, Single Borrower; REIT = Real Estate Investment Trust Source: BBH

² Our valuation framework is a purely quantitative screen for bonds that may offer excess return potential, primarily from mean reversion in spreads. When the potential excess return is above a specific hurdle rate, we label them "Buys" (others are "Holds" or "Sells"). These ratings are category names, not recommendations, as the valuation framework includes no credit research, a vital second step.

There remain opportunities in select subsectors of the market. The percentage of corporate loans that screened as a "buy" according to our Valuation Framework stood near 60% at guarter-end, down slightly since last quarter. Investment-grade corporate bonds in several interest rate sensitive subsectors, such as life insurance, banking, and finance companies, continue to offer attractive opportunities. In the structured credit markets, we continue to find opportunities in select sectors despite the recent narrowing of risk spreads. Opportunities are arising in the commercial mortgage-backed securities (CMBS) market as investors are differentiating among property types with differing credit dynamics.

We continue to avoid emerging markets credits due to concerns over creditor rights in most countries and its impact on their durability. We continue to avoid non-agency residential mortgage-backed securities (RMBS) due to poor technical factors, and weak fundamentals, underpinned by poor housing affordability, low inventory of homes for sale, and stable-to-declining home prices.

Performance

The Fund's duration profile contributed to total and relative returns as shorter duration bonds had a positive return and outperformed 1-3year Treasuries during the quarter.

Security selection enhanced results further, with results strongest among the Fund's holdings of investment-grade corporate bonds, ABS, and high yield corporate bonds. Subsectors that contributed included high-grade banking bonds, electric utilities corporate loans, high-grade life insurers, high-grade property and casualty (P&C) insurers, aircraft equipment ABS, and recurring revenue ABS. Subsectors that detracted included corporate loans to healthcare and Past performance is no guarantee future results media entertainment companies and large loan CMBS.

The Fund's sector and rating emphases contributed to relative results during the quarter. The Fund was overweight to strong-performing

Exhibit III: Fund Attribution

	Average Weight (%)	Contribution (Basis Points - Gross)						
	Portfolio	Rates	Sector	Selection				
Total Portfolio	100.0%	107	9	26				
Cash and Reserves	16.3%		0	0				
Municipal	0.4%		0	1				
CMBS	5.9%		2	-2				
ABS	22.3%		4	9				
IG Corporate Bonds	41.3%		5	19				
Corporate Loans	11.3%		-3	-4				
HY Corporate Bonds	2.5%		2	4				

Contribution figures are presented gross of fees

Data reported quarterly from March 31, 2024 to June 30, 2024

Basis point or "bp" is 1/100th of a percent (0.01% or 0.0001)

CMBS = Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities; ABS = Asset-Backed Securities; IG = Investment Grade; HY = High Yield

segments of the credit markets, particularly within its holdings of investment-grade corporate bonds, ABS, CMBS, and high yield corporate bonds.

Transaction Summary

We continued to find durable credits³ offering attractive value despite weak attractiveness of valuations of credits in Indexes. The purchases were made across a variety of sectors and industries. The table below summarizes a few notable portfolio additions.

Exhibit IV: Transaction Summary

Obligor	Coupon	Maturity	Yield (YTM)	Rating	Spread	Spread Reference	Duration	Sector	Subsector	
Whirlpool Corp	0.00	9/23/2025	6.6	BBB	115	SOFR	0.0	Loan	Consumer Products	
Apollo Global Management LLC	5.58	1/8/2029	5.6	A+	108	Treasuries	4.0	Corporate Bond	Life Insurance	
F&G Global Funding	5.88	6/10/2027	5.9	A-	138	Treasuries	2.7	Corporate Bond	Life Insurance	
Sotheby's ArtFi Master Trust	6.43	12/21/2031	6.4	AAA	150	Treasuries	1.6	ABS	Personal Consumer Loan ABS	
MetLife Inc	5.25	4/12/2029	5.3	AA-	87	Treasuries	4.3	Corporate Bond	Life Insurance	
OnDeck Asset Securitization Trust	6.27	6/17/2031	6.4	AA	175	Treasuries	2.7	ABS	Small Business Loan ABS	
Credit Acceptance Auto Loan Trust	5.95	6/15/2034	6.0	AAA	130	Treasuries	2.3	ABS	Subprime Auto ABS	
Reinsurance Group of America	5.45	5/24/2029	5.4	AA-	100	Treasuries	4.3	Corporate Bond	Life Insurance	
BlackRock TCP Capital Corp	6.95	5/30/2029	7.2	BBB-	273	Treasuries	4.1	Corporate Bond	Financial Other	
FS Investment Corp	3.40	1/14/2026	6.8	BBB-	178	Treasuries	1.6	Corporate Bond	Financial Other	

As of June 30, 2024. Portfolio holdings and characteristics are subject to change.

MBS = Mortgage-Backed Securities; CMBS = Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities; ABS = Asset-Backed Securities;

Source: BBH

³ Obligations such as bonds, notes, loans, leases, and other forms of indebtedness, except for cash and cash equivalents, issued by obligors other than the U.S. Government and its agencies, totaled at the level of the ultimate obligor or guarantor of the Obligation. Durable means the ability to withstand a wide variety of economic conditions.

Characteristics

At the end of the quarter, the Fund's duration was 0.9 years. Holdings of reserves increased modestly to 16% at quarter-end. The Fund's credit sector allocations were little changed quarter over quarter. The weight to high yield and nonrated investments declined to under 8%, were comprised primarily of credits rated "BB," and consisted of a blend of corporate bonds and loans. The Fund's yield to maturity was 6.5% and remained elevated versus short-term bond market alternatives. The Fund's option-adjusted spread was 127 basis points over Treasuries; for reference, the longer-duration Bloomberg U.S. Corporate Index's was 94 basis points at quarter-end.

Exhibit V: Fund Characteristics

Portfolio	Characteris	tics		Credit Rating (%)			Sector Allocation (%)			
	Portfolio	Benchmark	Active		Portfolio	Benchmark		Portfolio	Benchmark	Active
Effective Duration (Years)	0.90	1.76	-0.86	AAA/TSY/Cash	37.2	100.0	Reserves	15.6	100.0	-84.4
Spread Duration (Years)	1.61	0.00	1.61	AA	13.0	0.0	Municipal	0.4	0.0	0.4
Yield to Maturity (%)	6.47	4.81	1.66	А	21.8	0.0	MBS (Agency)	0.1	0.0	0.1
Option-Adjusted Spread (bps)	127	0.0	127	BBB	20.3	0.0	RMBS (Non-Agency)	0.0	0.0	0.0
				BB	4.9	0.0	CMBS	5.8	0.0	5.8
				В	1.5	0.0	ABS	21.7	0.0	21.7
				CCC & Below/NR	1.2	0.0	IG Corporate Bonds	43.2	0.0	43.2
							Corporate Loans	11.1	0.0	11.1
							HY Corproate Bonds	2.2	0.0	2.2

Portfolio holdings and characteristics are subject to change.

Benchmark is the Bloomberg US 1-3 Year Treasury Bond Index

Data reported as of June 30, 2024

TSY = Treausury; MBS = Mortgage-Backed Securities; RMBS = Residential Mortgage-Backed Securities; CMBS = Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities; ABS = Asset-Backed Securities; CLO = Collateralized Loan Obligation

Source: BBH

Concluding Remarks

An environment like this can test the resolve of credit investors. Credit conditions appear relatively benign and issuance is robust, leading even the most disciplined investors to question the virtues of a valuation discipline when no observable risk event appears on the horizon. Opportunities remain, yet the importance of calibrating valuation and credit discipline is of utmost importance when conditions appear calmest.

Sincerely,





Neil Hohmann, PhD Fund Co-Manager



Paul Kunz CFA





Thomas Brennan, CFA



Fixed Income Product Specialist



The **BBH Limited Duration Fund (BBBIX)** was named the Best Short Investment Grade Debt Funds over five years, for the period ending December 31, 2023. The fund was assessed against 90 funds in this category.

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Traditional ABS include prime auto backed loans, credit cards and student loans (FFELP). Non-traditional ABS include ABS backed by other collateral types.

Effective duration is a measure of the portfolio's return sensitivity to changes in interest rates.

Weighted Average Life of securities excludes US Treasury futures positions.

Yield to Maturity is the rate of return the portfolio would achieve if all purchased bonds and derivatives were held to maturity, assuming all coupon and principal payments are received as scheduled and reinvested at the same yield to maturity. This figure is subject to change and is not meant to represent the yield earned by any particular security. Yield to Maturity is before fees and expenses.

The selection effect measures the investment manager's ability to select securities within a given segment relative to a benchmark.

The sector effect measures an investment manager's ability to effectively allocate their portfolio's assets to specific sectors relative to a benchmark.

The Class I shares commenced operations on December 3, 2002. Prior to December 3, 2002, performance reflects performance of the Class N shares adjusted to assume that all charges, expenses and fees were deducted. Performance prior to December 22, 2000 is that of the BBH Broad Market Fixed Income Portfolio adjusted to assume that all charges, expenses and fees of the Fund and the Portfolio which are presently in effect were deducted during such periods, as permitted by applicable SEC staff interpretations. The inception date of the BBH Broad Market Fixed Income Portfolio was July 20, 2000.

The Class N shares commenced operations on December 22, 2000. Performance prior to December 22, 2000 is that of the BBH Broad Market Fixed Income Portfolio adjusted to assume that all charges, expenses and fees of the Fund and the Portfolio which are presently in effect were deducted during such periods, as permitted by applicable SEC staff interpretations. The inception date of the BBH Broad Market Fixed Income Portfolio was July 20, 2000.

Definitions

The Bloomberg U.S. 1-3 Year Treasury Bond Index is an unmanaged index of fixed rate obligations of the U.S. Treasury with maturities ranging from 1-3 years.

Bloomberg Short-Term Corporate Index is an unmanaged index comprised of U.S. dollar denominated, investment grade, fixed rate, corporate securities with a remaining maturity from 1 day up to (but not including) 12 months and have at least \$250 million par amount outstanding.

Bloomberg US Aggregate ABS Index represents the ABS components of the Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Index.

The Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index is a market-weighted index that tracks the daily price, coupon, pay-downs, and total return performance of fixed-rate, publicly placed, dollar-denominated, and non-convertible investment grade debt issues with at least \$300 million par amount outstanding and with at least one year to final maturity.

Bloomberg US Treasury Bills Index is an unmanaged index comprised publicly-issued U.S. Treasury bills with a remaining maturity from 1 day up to (but not including) 12 months. It excludes zero coupon stripsAn index is not available for direct investment.

The composition of the index is materially different than the Fund's holdings. The Fund is actively managed and does not measure its performance success nor alter its construction in relation to any particular benchmark or index. An index is not available for direct investment.

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This material is not authorized for distribution unless accompanied or preceded by a current Fund prospectus.

Risks

Bond prices are sensitive to changes in interest rates and a rise in interest rates can cause a decline in their prices.

Asset-Backed Securities ("ABS") are subject to risks due to defaults by the borrowers; failure of the issuer or servicer to perform; the variability in cash flows due to amortization or acceleration features; changes in interest rates which may influence the prepayments of the underlying securities; misrepresentation of asset quality, value or inadequate controls over disbursements and receipts; and the security being structured in ways that give certain investors less credit risk protection than others. SASB lacks the diversification of a transaction backed by multiple loans since performance is concentrated in one commercial property. SASBs may be less liquid in the secondary market than loans backed by multiple commercial properties.

Foreign investing involves special risks including currency risk, increased volatility, political risks, and differences in auditing and other financial standards.

The Fund also invests in derivative instruments, investments whose values depend on the performance of the underlying security, assets, interest rate, index or currency and entail potentially higher volatility and risk of loss compared to traditional stock or bond investments.

For more complete information, visit www.bbhfunds.com for a current Fund prospectus. You should consider the fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses carefully before you invest. Information about these and other important subjects is in the fund's prospectus, which you should read carefully before investing.

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Not FDIC Insured No Bank Guarantee May Lose Money

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